Sandhill View

Computing Curriculum Policy

Achieve Aspire Enjoy

Academy Aim

Here at Sandhill View Academy, we aim to securely equip <u>all</u> of our students for life beyond school as successful, confident, responsible and respectful citizens. We believe that education provides the key to **social mobility** and our curriculum is designed to build strong foundations in the knowledge, understanding and skills which lead to **academic and personal success**. We want our students to **enjoy** the challenges that learning offers. And ultimately, we want students to '*Know More, Do More and Go Further*'

Our aims are underpinned by a culture of **high aspirations**. Through developing positive relationships, we work towards every individual having a strong belief in their own abilities so that they work hard, build resilience and **achieve** their very best.

Intent

The curriculum includes formal teaching through subject areas, assemblies and extracurricular activities. We regularly review content to ensure we continue to meet our curriculum aims. The ICT and Computing curriculum embeds the Three Pillars of Progression; Computer Science, Information Technology and Digital Literacy. The ICT and Computing curriculum is planned to enable all students to develop:

- Exceptional problem-solving skills
- A High level of competency in regards to computer skills
- Basic knowledge of the difference between ICT and Computing
- Knowledge of effective digital working practices to help understand the way businesses use technology in real-life situations
- Digital literacy skills needed to live, learn, and work in a society where communication and access to information is increasingly through digital technologies
- Passion for the curriculum and interest in future careers in the relevant industries
- Computing driving global changes and knowledge gained is critical for students to exploit opportunities gained in a digital world

Throughout our programmes of study, every attempt is made to make explicit links to careers and the world of work. In addition to subject specific links, we aim to explicitly reinforce the skills and aptitudes which support employers say are important in the workplace;

- Resilience (Aiming High, Staying Positive, Learning from Mistakes)
- Collaboration (Teamwork Leadership Communication)
- Creativity (Originality, Problem Solving, Independent Study)

The British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect of those with different faiths and beliefs are taught explicitly and reinforced in the way in which the school operates. We are also explicitly embedding transferable 'Skills Builder' skills such as problem solving, staying positive and teamwork to prepare our students for careers and life after school.

Sequence and structure

Our curriculum covers Key Stage 3 (years 7, 8, 9) and is built upon at Key Stage 4 (10 and 11). In Key Stage 3 students are taught topics which are linked to the GCSE specifications. At Key Stage 3, pupils have one lesson of Computing, per week. At Key Stage 4, pupils have six lessons of GCSE option per 2-week timetable.

Covid Recovery to 'unlock learning'

We have built Covid Recovery into our long and short term planning by including connect activities with lockdown content, revision to focus on topics studied during this period. There will be opportunities for modelling and practice of second order concepts and written skills to support progress. We feel this will help to 'unlock learning'. At KS3 we have focused on embedding a range of IT essential skills which were impacted upon during covid as many students were not able to develop these skills without access to the modern technology available. These skills include folder organisation, saving files, choosing the right software for a project and printing. We have focused on programming languages for Computer Science as many students were unable to access the specialist software from home due to available digital devices.

Literacy

We know that students who read well achieve well. As such all subject areas are committed to providing regular opportunities to read extensively. In Computing we have aspirations for our students to use ambitious vocabulary and are using frayer models and 'push' techniques to widen the tier 2 and tier 3 vocabulary students use orally and in the work they produce. Coherent and fluent writing skills are also imperative for student achievement, so we support student writing skills by offering opportunities for extended writing, with modelling, and sentence stems to support. All curriculum areas use literacy end point document which details yearly end points for reading, writing and oracy to ensure consistent literacy skills embedded across the curriculum.

KNOW MORE: Our Key Stage 3 Computing Curriculum includes the following areas of study:

Three-year KS3 with 1 hour per week allocated to Computing. At KS3 the students follow the National Curriculum Map which is Computer Science (CL), Information Technology (IT) and Digital Literacy (DL).

Year 7 Getting Started: IT/DL	Half Term 6	Half Term 5	Half Term 4	Half Term 3	Half Term 2	Half Term 1	KS3
Know the processes for logging into the school's network Know the processes for sending and receiving emails Understand how to save, rename and organise files Understand how to access files stored in the cloud Understand key principles of internet safety Understand key principles of internet safety Internet Safety Week Scratch Programming: CS Understand the concepts of sequencing, selection and iteration Understand the concepts of s	Past, Present & Future: IT/DL						Year 7
Scratch to solve specific problems Scratch to solve specific problems have an awareness of factors that can inhibit this Select appropriate text and images for use in presentations	Know about important figures in the development of Computing Understand Moore's Law and how computer technology has developed and changed over time Know how to format documents Understand the importance of aesthetics when presenting information and have an awareness of factors that can inhibit this Select appropriate text and images for use in presentations Design presentations to	important figures in the development of Computing Understand Moore's Law and how computer technology has developed and changed over time Know how to format documents Understand the importance of aesthetics when presenting information and have an awareness of factors that can inhibit this Select appropriate text and images for use in	concepts of sequencing, selection and iteration Analyse the requirements of a program Identify the processes needed to solve a problem Design programs in Scratch to solve	Week Scratch Programming: CS Understand the concepts of sequencing, selection and iteration Analyse the requirements of a program Identify the processes needed to solve a problem Design programs in Scratch to solve	qualities of vector and bitmap graphics Identify the most appropriate tools to use when editing an image Be able to create and manipulate	for logging into the school's network Know the processes for sending and receiving emails Understand how to save, rename and organise files Understand how to access files stored in the cloud Understand key principles of internet	

					Design presentations to convey information effectively	convey information effectively
Year 8	Scratch Programming: CS Understand the concepts of sequencing, selection and iteration Analyse the requirements of a program Identify the processes needed to solve a problem Design programs in Scratch to solve specific problems	Algorithms: CS Understand the concepts of abstraction, decomposition, pattern recognition and algorithms Know how to read and develop flow diagrams Use the principles of abstraction and decomposition to produce algorithms to solve a range of problems Analyse problems in computational terms	British Science Week Internet Safety Week Turing Lab -Python Programming: CS Building upon skills learnt in Year 7: Scratch Programming Understand a range of basic programming constructs in Python Know how to print to the screen, perform calculations, take inputs and store them in suitably named variables Develop working programs in Python to solve specific problems Use Python confidently to write simple programs	Internet Safety: DL Understand a range of malware and the effects they have Know what precautions to take to maintain safety online Demonstrate safe practices when using the internet Understand how to use computer systems safely and confidently	Advanced Spreadsheets: IT/CL Building upon skills learnt in Year 7: Introduction to Spreadsheets Understand the structure and use of a range of more advanced functions Understand how to use validation to create drop-down lists Know how to sort data and run simple queries Identify the most appropriate functions to use when developing a spreadsheet for a particular purpose Use of spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations proficiently	Advanced Spreadsheets: IT/CL Building upon skills learnt in Year 7: Introduction to Spreadsheets Understand the structure and use of a range of more advanced functions Understand how to use validation to create drop-down lists Know how to sort data and run simple queries Identify the most appropriate functions to use when developing a spreadsheet for a particular purpose Use of spreadsheets to handle data in a variety of situations proficiently
Year 9	Networking and the Internet: CS/IT Understand how data is sent across a network Know the role of a range of basic hardware involved in networking, such as switches Understand the role of IP addresses Understand domain names and DNS Know about a range of internet services	Binary and Computer Logic: CS Understand binary and why it is used in computing Know how to convert between denary and binary Understand how binary is used to encode text and images Understand the concept of AND, OR and NOT gates and their use in computer programs Carry out binary/denary conversions Encode and decode text and images in binary Identify the output from simple logic circuits	British Science Week Internet Safety Week Python Programming – Smart City: CS Building upon skills learnt in Year 8: Python Programming Understand a range of intermediate programming constructs in Python Know how to use Python input and output to create a digital conversation. Use lists and data types to store information and calculate carbon emissions. Manipulate strings to create cyber secure usernames and passwords.	Ethics of Computing: DL/IT Understand the importance of respecting copyright Make informed judgements about whether activities are morally acceptable or not Ensure that copyright has not been infringed when using resources found online Store data safely with regard to current legislation Consider the ethical implications of using modern information technologies Research resources online, being mindful of copyright considerations and acknowledging sources	Component 1: Exploring User Interface Design Principles and Project Planning Techniques User interfaces - Learners will understand the use of different types of user interface and how they vary across different uses, devices and purposes Audience needs - Learners will understand the varying needs of the audience and how they affect both the type and the design of the interface.	Component 1: Exploring User Interface Design Principles and Project Planning Techniques Designing an efficient user interface - Learners will understand the techniques that can be used to improve both the speed and access to user interfaces Creating a project proposal and plan - Learners will understand project planning techniques used to develop a project proposal and project plan for the development of a user interface for a given brief.

	Develop working programs in Python to solve specific problems	Use modern information technologies responsibly	
	Identify the processes needed to solve a problem		

KNOW MORE: Our Key Stage 4 Curriculum

The KS4 Curriculum is taught over 2 years. At Key Stage 4 Year 10 and 11 students will be studying BTEC Tech Awards Digital Information Technology. With each class having 3 hours of BTEC DIT per week taught in mixed ability groups.

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KS4	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6
Year 10	Component 1:	Component 1:	Component 2:	Data processing	Component 3:	
BTEC	Exploring User	Pre-Set	Collecting,	methods -	Effective Digital	
DIT	Interface Design	Assignment Task	Presenting and	Learners will	Working Practices	Component 3:
511	Principles and	1a	Interpreting	understand how		Effective Digital
	Project Planning		Data	data can be	Responsible use	Working Practices
	Techniques	Project planning		imported from an		
		techniques -	Characteristics of	external source.	Learners should	Planning and
	User interfaces -	Learners will	data and	They will	consider the	communication in
	Learners will	understand the use	information -	then explore how to	responsible use of	digital systems
	understand the use	of different	Learners will	accurately apply	digital systems, including how	Learners should be
	of different types of user interface and	planning tools and	understand the concepts of data	data processing methods to aid	systems and	able to interpret
	how they vary	design methodologies	and that data is	decision making.	services share and	and use standard
	across different	that can be used to	meaningless	decision making.	exchange data as	conventions to
	uses, devices and	plan, monitor and	without	Component 2:	well as the	combine
	purposes	execute projects.	converting it into	Pre-Set	environmental	diagrammatical and
	F 3 F 3.3.3.3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	information by	Assignment Task	considerations of	written information
	Audience needs -	Component 1:	adding structure	2a & b	increased use.	to express an
	Learners will	Pre-Set	and context.			understanding of
	understand the	Assignment Task		Producing a	Legal and ethical	concepts.
	varying needs of	1b	Representing	dashboard -		
	the audience and		information -	Learners will use a	Learners should	
	how they affect	Creating an initial	Learners will	dashboard to select	understand the	
	both the	design - Learners	understand the	and display	scope and purpose	
	type and the design	will understand	different ways of	information	of legislation (valid	
	of the interface.	how to produce an	representing	summaries based	at time of delivery)	
	Docian principles	initial design using design principles	information and will be able	on a	that governs the use of digital	
	Design principles - Learners will	design principles	to explain	given data set.	systems and data,	
	understand how	Component 1:	situations where	Component 2:	and how it has an	
	design principles	Pre-Set	they would be	Pre-Set	impact on the ways	
	provide both	Assignment Task	used.	Assignment Task	in which	
	appropriate and	2	u00u.	2c	organisations use	
	effective		Ensuring data is		and implement	
	user interaction	Developing a user	suitable for	Drawing	digital systems.	
	with hardware	interface -	processing -	conclusions based		
	devices.	Learners will	Learners will	on findings in the	Learners should	
		understand how to	understand the	data - Learners will	understand the	
	Designing an	use their design to	methods that can	use a dataset and	wider ethical	
	efficient user	produce a user	be used to ensure	dashboard to	considerations of	
	interface - Learners	interface.	data input is	present findings	use of	
	will understand the techniques that can	Component 1:	suitable and within	and draw conclusions	technologies, data and information,	
	be used to improve	Pre-Set	boundaries so that	based on their	and information, and organisations'	
	both the speed	Assignment Task	it is ready to be	findings.	responsibilities to	
	and access to user	3	processed.		ensure that they	
	interfaces		p. 22222	Component 2:	behave in an	
		Review	Data collection	Pre-Set	ethical manner	
	Creating a project	Learners will	Learners will	Assignment Task		
	proposal and plan -	understand how to	understand the	3a		
	Learners will	review the success	different types of			
	understand project	of the user	data collection	How presentation		
	planning	interface and the	methods, the	affects		
1	techniques used to	use of	strengths	understanding -		
1	develop a project	their chosen project	and weaknesses of	Learners will		
1	proposal and project plan for	planning techniques.	each, how data collection features	investigate how well the		
	the development of	tooriiiques.	concentratures	presentation		
1	and development of	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	procentation	<u> </u>	

	a user interface for a given brief.	Component 1: Pre-Set Assignment Task 4	affect its reliability and how the collection of data could be improved. Quality of information Learners will understand the factors that affect the quality of information. Threats to individuals Learners will understand the different threats that face individuals who have data stored about them. Component 2: Pre-Set	methods and features have been used. Component 2: Pre-Set Assignment Task 3b		
			Assignment Task			
			•			
Year 11 BTEC	Component 3: Effective Digital	Component 3: Effective Digital	Component 3: Effective Digital	Component 3: Effective Digital	Component 3: Effective Digital	Component 3: Effective Digital
DIT	Working Practices	Working Practices	Working Practices – GCSE	Working Practices	Working Practices	Working Practices
	Resit preparation	Threats to data	Examination	Resit preparation	Resit preparation	- Resit preparation
	Units covered	Learners should	January	Units covered	Units covered	Units covered
	based on exam	understand why	Units covered	based on exam	based on exam	based on exam
	analysis	systems are	based on exam	analysis	analysis	analysis
	Modern	attacked, the nature of attacks	analysis			
	technologies	and how they				
	ļ	occur, and the				
	Learners should understand how	potential impact of breaches in				
	and why modern	security on the				
	technologies are	organisation and				
	used by organisations and	stakeholders.				
	stakeholders to	Prevention and				
	access and	management of				
	manipulate data, and to provide	threats to data				
	access to systems	Learners should				
	and tools in order	understand how				
	to complete tasks.	different measures				
	Learners should	can be implemented to				
	understand the	protect digital				
	implications of	systems. They				
	these tools and technologies for	should understand the purpose of				
	organisations and	different systems				
	stakeholders.	and how their				
	Modern	features and functionality protect				
	technologies	digital systems.				
	Learners should	Learners should				
	understand how	understand how				
	and why modern	one or more				
	technologies are used by	systems or procedures can be				
	organisations and	used to reduce the				
	stakeholders to	nature and/or				
	access and manipulate data,	impact of threats.				
	and to provide	Policy				
	access to systems					
	and tools in order to complete tasks.	Learners should understand the				
	to complete tasks.	need for and nature				
	Learners should	of security policies				
	understand the implications of	in organisations.				
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	these tools and technologies for organisations and stakeholders.	They should understand the content that constitutes a good security policy and how it is communicated to individuals in an organisation. To ensure that potential threats and the impact of security breaches are minimised,		
		Learners should understand how procedures in security policies are implemented in organisations.		

DO MORE: Milestone assessment end points Unit specific substantive, and disciplinary knowledge, and skill end points are detailed of individual schemes of learning

Year	Basic	Clear	Detailed		
Group	(Lower Ability End Points)	(Middle Ability End Points)	(Higher Ability End Points)		
7	 Pupils will design, use and evaluate simplistic spreadsheet models; that model the state and behaviour of some real-world problems. Pupils will show limited application of block-based programming, to solve a basic computational problem; making limited use of data structures. Pupils will design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions with limited independent programming. Pupils will show limited understanding of simple Boolean logic and some of its uses in circuits and programming. Pupils will show limited understanding of the basic hardware and software components that make up computer systems. Pupils will show limited understanding of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy. Pupils will show limited knowledge of inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and how to report concerns. Pupils will show limited understanding of how instructions are stored and executed within a computer system; understand how data of various types (including text, sounds and pictures) can be represented and manipulated digitally, in the form of binary digits. Pupils will show limited ability to create, reuse, revise and repurpose digital artefacts for a given audience, with attention to trustworthiness, design and usability. 	 Pupils will design, use and evaluate mostly well-developed spreadsheet models; that mostly model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems. Pupils will show good application of block-based programming, to solve a mostly well-developed computational problem; making good use of data structures. Pupils will design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions mostly independently. Pupils will show good understanding of simple Boolean logic and some of its uses in circuits and programming. Pupils will show good understanding of most of the hardware and software components that make up computer systems; and how they communicate with one another. Pupils will show good understanding of a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy. Pupils will show good knowledge of inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and how to report concerns. Pupils will show good understanding of how instructions are stored and executed within a computer system; understand how data of various types (including text, sounds and pictures) can be represented and manipulated digitally, in the form of binary digits. Pupils will show good ability to create, reuse, revise and repurpose digital artefacts for a given audience, with attention to trustworthiness, design and usability. 	 Pupils will design, use and evaluate well-developed spreadsheet models; that fully model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems. Pupils will show a comprehensive application of block-based programming, to solve a well-developed computational problem; making sound use of data structures. Pupils will design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions independently. Pupils will show comprehensive understanding of simple Boolean logic and some of its uses in circuits and programming. Pupils will show comprehensive understanding of a wide range of hardware and software components that make up computer systems, and how they communicate with one another and with other systems Pupils will show comprehensive understanding of a wide range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy. Pupils will show comprehensive knowledge of inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and how to report concerns. Pupils will show comprehensive understanding of how instructions are stored and executed within a computer system; understand how data of various types (including text, sounds and pictures) can be represented and manipulated digitally, in the form of binary digits. Pupils will show comprehensive ability to create, reuse, revise and repurpose digital artefacts for a given audience, with attention to trustworthiness, design and usability. 		

Year Group			
Year Group 8	Basic (Lower Ability End Points) Pupils will show limited understanding how numbers can be represented in binary, and be able to carry out basic operations on binary numbers; for example, conversion between binary and decimal. Pupils will show limited understanding of the basic hardware and software components that make up computer systems. Pupils will undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining a limited amount of applications, to achieve basic goals, including meeting the basic needs of a known user. Pupils will show limited ability to design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems. Pupils will show limited understanding of several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking [for example, ones for sorting and searching]; use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem. Students will show limited ability to use a text-based programming language, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions. Pupils will show limited understanding of a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and know how to report concerns.	Clear (Middle Ability End Points) Pupils will show good understanding how numbers can be represented in binary, and be able to carry out simple operations on binary numbers; for example, binary addition, and conversion between binary and decimal. Pupils will show good understanding of most of the hardware and software components that make up computer systems; and how they communicate with one another. Showing good understanding of how data of various types can be represented and manipulated digitally. Pupils will undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining a range of applications, to achieve clear goals, including mostly meeting the needs of a known user. Pupils will show good ability to design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems. Pupils will show good understanding of several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking [for example, ones for sorting and searching]; use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem. Students will show good ability to use a text-based programming language, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions. Pupils will show good understanding of a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and know how to report concerns.	Pupils will show comprehensive understanding how numbers can be represented in binary, and be able to carry out a wide range of operations on binary numbers; for example, binary addition, binary shift, and conversion between binary and decimal. Pupils will show comprehensive understanding of a wide range of hardware and software components that make up computer systems, and how they communicate with one another and with other systems Showing comprehensive understanding of how data of various types can be represented and manipulated digitally, in the form of binary digits. Pupils will undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining a range of applications, to achieve clear goals, including fully meeting the needs of a known user. Pupils will show comprehensive ability to design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems. Pupils will show comprehensive understanding of several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking [for example, ones for sorting and searching]; use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem. Students will show comprehensive ability to use a text-based programming language, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions. Pupils will show comprehensive understanding of a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and
9	 Pupils will show limited ability to design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems. Pupils will demonstrate limited understanding of several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking [for example, ones for sorting and searching]; use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem. Pupils will show limited ability to use two or more programming languages, at least one of which is textual, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions. 	Pupils will show good ability to design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems. Pupils will demonstrate good understanding of several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking [for example, ones for sorting and searching]; use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem. Pupils will show good ability to use two or more programming languages, at least one of which is textual, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or	 Rupils will show comprehensive ability to design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems. Pupils will demonstrate comprehensive understanding of several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking [for example, ones for sorting and searching]; use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem. Pupils will show comprehensive ability to use two or more programming languages, at least one of which is textual, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions.

Year Group	Basic (Lower Ability End Points)	Clear (Middle Ability End Points)	Detailed (Higher Ability End Points)
Group	Pupils will demonstrate limited understanding of simple Boolean logic [for example, AND, OR and NOT] and some of its uses in circuits and programming; understand how numbers can be represented in binary, and be able to carry out simple operations on binary numbers [for example, binary addition, and conversion between binary and decimal]. Pupils will demonstrate limited understanding of the hardware and software components that make up computer systems, and how they communicate with one another and with other systems. Pupils will demonstrate limited understand of how instructions are stored and executed within a computer system; understand how data of various types (including text, sounds and pictures) can be represented and manipulated digitally, in the form of binary digits. Pupils will show limited ability to undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users. Pupils will demonstrate limited understanding of a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and know how to report concerns.	 Pupils will demonstrate good understanding of simple Boolean logic [for example, AND, OR and NOT] and some of its uses in circuits and programming; understand how numbers can be represented in binary, and be able to carry out simple operations on binary numbers [for example, binary addition, and conversion between binary and decimal]. Pupils will demonstrate good understanding of the hardware and software components that make up computer systems, and how they communicate with one another and with other systems. Pupils will demonstrate good understand of how instructions are stored and executed within a computer system; understand how data of various types (including text, sounds and pictures) can be represented and manipulated digitally, in the form of binary digits. Pupils will show good ability to undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users. Pupils will demonstrate good understanding of a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct, and know how to report concerns. 	 Pupils will demonstrate comprehensive understanding of simple Boolean logic [for example, AND, OR and NOT] and some of its uses in circuits and programming; understand how numbers can be represented in binary, and be able to carry out simple operations on binary numbers [for example, binary addition, and conversion between binary and decimal]. Pupils will demonstrate comprehensive understanding of the hardware and software components that make up computer systems, and how they communicate with one another and with other systems. Pupils will demonstrate comprehensive understand of how instructions are stored and executed within a computer system; understand how data of various types (including text, sounds and pictures) can be represented and manipulated digitally, in the form of binary digits. Pupils will show comprehensive ability to undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users. Pupils will demonstrate comprehensive understanding of a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content,
10	Pupils will show limited application of relevant project proposal methods. Pupils will show limited application of project planning tools to plan the timeline of the project. Pupils will show limited application of relevant user interface design methods and design principles. Pupils will show limited application of user interface development. Pupils will show limited justified review of the user interface. Pupils will explain how data collection methods and their features affect the quality of data across two sectors, with relevant examples. Pupils will explain how data is used to make decisions across two sectors, with relevant examples. Pupils will select and use methods to carry out some manipulation of data, which is largely accurate. Pupils will produce an appropriate dashboard that clearly summarises data. Pupils will use the dashboard to draw conclusions, with some appropriate recommendations. Pupils will explain the methods used to present data so that it can be clearly understood, with detailed examples.	 Pupils will show good application of relevant project proposal methods. Pupils will show good application of project planning tools to plan the timeline of the project. Pupils will show good application of relevant user interface design methods and design principles. Pupils will show good application of user interface development methods. Pupils will show good justified review of the user interface. Pupils will discuss data collection methods and features used and how they affect the quality of data and decision making in two sectors, drawing justified conclusions. Pupils will select and use relevant methods to effectively and accurately manipulate data and produce an effective dashboard that clearly summarises data. Pupils will analyse how the dashboard's presentation of data influences the conclusions drawn and the recommendations made, using relevant examples. 	contact and conduct, and know how to report concerns. Pupils will show comprehensive application of relevant project proposal methods. Pupils will show comprehensive application of project planning tools to plan the timeline of the project. Pupils will show comprehensive application of relevant user interface design methods and design principles. Pupils will show comprehensive application of user interface development methods. Pupils will show comprehensive justified review of the user interface. Pupils will assess data collection methods and features used and how they affect the quality of data and decision making in two sectors, drawing detailed justified conclusions. Pupils will select and use relevant methods to effectively and accurately manipulate data. Pupils will produce a fully efficient and comprehensive dashboard. Pupils will assess the effectiveness of the dashboard's presentation of data and how it affects the conclusions drawn and the recommendations made, using justified examples

Year Group	Basic (Lower Ability End Points)	Clear (Middle Ability End Points)	Detailed (Higher Ability End Points)
11	Pupils will show limited understanding of	Pupils will show good understanding of	Pupils will show comprehensive
	how organisations use digital systems	how organisations use digital systems	understanding of how organisations use
	and the wider implications associated with their use.	and the wider implications associated with their use.	digital systems and the wider implications associated with their use.
	with their use.	with their use.	implications associated with their use.
	Pupils will be able to:	Pupils will be able to:	Pupils will be able to:
	Describe setting up and using ad hoc networks.	Describe security issues with open networks.	Describe performance issues with ad hoc networks and issues
	Describe changes to modern	Be able to select the appropriate	affecting network availability/
	teams facilitated by modern	communication channels for	 Describe the positive and negative
	technologies.	sharing information, data and	impacts of modern technology on
	Describe how modern technologies can be used to manage modern	media with stakeholders. • Describe features and uses of	organisations in terms of inclusivity, accessibility and remote working.
	teams.	cloud storage including setting and	Describe positive and negative
	Describe how organisations use	sharing of access rights and	impacts of modern technologies on
	modern technologies to communicate with stakeholders.	scalability. Describe features and uses of	organisations in terms of required infrastructure, demand on
	Describe features and uses of	cloud computing including	infrastructure of chosen
	cloud storage including	consistency of versions between	tools/platforms, availability of
	synchronisation of cloud and individual devices and availability	users and single shared instances of files.	infrastructure, security of distributed/disbursed data.
	(24/7).	Describe how the selection of	Describe with the aid of a diagram
	Describe features and uses of	platforms and services impacts on	the external threats Denial of
	cloud computing including online	the use of cloud technologies including the number and	Service, botnet and pharming.
	applications and collaboration tools/features.	complexity of features, paid for vs	 Understand the legal implications of computer misuse.
	Describe how notifications are	free, interface design and available	Explain the term grey hat.
	used in cloud and traditional	devices.	Understand the use of system and
	systems.Understand why systems are	Describe how cloud and traditional systems are used together	behaviour analysis to improve system security.
	attacked.	including device synchronisation	Understand how encryption is used
	Describe the external threats virus,	and online/offline working.	to secure files, drives and
	Trojan, phishing and shoulder surfing.	Consider the implications for organisations when choosing cloud	transmitted data. Explain a number of ways in which
	Understand the internal threats of	technologies, including: disaster	software can be designed to
	stealing or leaking information,	recovery policies, security of data,	improve security.
	overriding security controls and downloads from the internet and	compatibility, maintenance, getting a service/storage up and running	 Give a number of parameters that can be made for device hardening.
	untrustworthy websites.	quickly and performance	Give clear actions which will be
	Understand the impact of security	considerations.	taken after a cyber-attack and the
	breaches including data and financial loss.	Describe how modern technologies aid inclusivity and accessibility,	people who will be involved in these actions.
	Describe user access restrictions	including interface design,	Explain how data is exchanged
	including physical security	accessibility features and flexibility of work hours and locations.	between services.
	measures and passwords.Understand how computers are	Describe the positive and negative	Be able to discuss the ethical use of data.
	protected with anti-virus software	impacts of modern technologies on	Evaluate the environmental
	Understand how backups are used	organisations in terms of 24/7 access, collaboration, inclusivity,	considerations when upgrading or
	to recover data. Explain how data is shared	accessibility and remote working.	replacing computers. • Be aware of the legal requirements
	between organisations.	Describe positive and negative	and professional guidelines
	Understand the responsible use of	impacts on modern technologies on individuals, including flexibility,	regarding equal access.
	data with respect to privacy. • Understand the impact of	working styles and impact on	 To understand the impact of net neutrality on organisations.
	manufacture, use and disposal of	individual wellbeing.	 Draw and interpret a more complex
	IT systems on the environment.	 Explain the term 'black hat' hacker. Describe the external threats 	data flow diagram.
	Understand the importance of providing equal access to digital	worms, botnet, rootkit,	 Explain the use of a system diagram.
	services and information.	ransomware, spyware, social	Draw a system diagram.
	Understand the purpose and use of	engineering and 'man-in-the- middle' attacks.	
	acceptable use policiesUnderstand Data protection	Understand the internal threats	
	principles	from unintentional disclosure of	
	Understand the criminal use of	data and portable storage devices.Understand the impact of security	
	computer systems including	breaches including damage to	
	unauthorised access and modification of materials.	public image and reduction in	
	Interpret a simple data flow	 productivity and downtime. Describe user access restrictions 	
	diagram	including user settings, biometrics	
	Interpret an information flow diagram	and two-factor authentication.	
	State the use of a flowchart	Explain the use of ethical hacking And white bot hacking	
	Draw a simple flowchart to	and white hat hackers.Understand the use of penetration	
	describe the steps in an activity or	testing to improve system security.	
	processFollow a simple flowchart to show	 Understand how computers are 	
	what the output will be	protected with firewalls, interface design and encryption.	
		Be able to state those responsible	
		for cyber security and policy.	

Year	Basic	Clear	Detailed
Group	(Lower Ability End Points)	(Middle Ability End Points)	(Higher Ability End Points)
Group	(Lower Ability Little 1 office)	 Discuss typical components of password policies and acceptable use policies. Explain how data is recovered. Explain the actions taken after a cyber-attack. Explain how location-based data and transactional data are shared between organisations. Explain the function of cookies. Be able to describe the benefits and drawbacks of using shared data. Understand the responsible use of data with respect to legal considerations. Explain the energy saving settings and policies available for digital devices. Identify the benefits to organisations, individuals and society of equal access. To understand net neutrality. To be aware of the blurring of social and business boundaries. To be aware of the use of data on the internet. To develop understanding of intellectual property. To understand the criminal use of computer systems including creation and spreading of malware. Explain the use of a data flow diagram. Draw a simple data flow diagram. Draw a naccurate flowchart representing a more complex scenario or algorithm. Describe the advantages of presenting data in a graph or chart rather than a table of figures. Give a written explanation of figures in a table or graph. 	(Higher Ability End Folias)
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

GO FURTHER: Skills Builder

We are also explicitly embedding transferable 'Skills Builder' skills such as problem solving, aiming high and teamwork to prepare our students for higher education and employability skills for the future. This year in Computing we will focus on **TEAMWORK** including group decision making and recognising the value of others. **PROBLEM SOLVING** by exploring complex problems by analysing cause and effect, and understanding through practical challenges. Furthermore, we want our students **STAYING POSITIVE**.

How does our Curriculum cater for students with SEND?

Sandhill View is an inclusive academy where every child is valued and respected. We are committed to the inclusion, progress and independence of all our students, including those with SEN. We work to support our students to make progress in their learning, their emotional and social development and their independence. We actively work to support the learning and needs of all members of our community.

A child or young person has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made that is additional to or different from that made generally for other children or young people of the same age. (CoP 2015, p16)

Teachers are responsible for the progress of ALL students in their class and high-quality teaching is carefully planned; this is the first step in supporting students who may have SEND. All students are

challenged to do their very best and all students at the Academy are expected to make at least good progress.

Specific approaches which are used within the curriculum areas include:

- Seating to allow inclusion
- Differentiation activities to stretch and support in all lessons
- Resources are accessible yet challenging
- Displays and visual learning tools are used where necessary
- Where appropriate support from additional adults is planned to scaffold students learning
- Group work and discussion
- Clear teacher/student communication
- Feedback that allows students to make progress, whether written or verbal
- Independent study
- Intervention when required

How does our curriculum cater for disadvantaged students and those from minority groups?

As a school serving an area with high levels of deprivation, we work tirelessly to raise the attainment for all students and to close any gaps that exist due to social contexts. The deliberate allocation of funding and resources has ensured that attainment gaps are closing in our drive to ensure that all pupils are equally successful when they leave the Academy. More specifically within the teaching of Computing, we;

- work to identify barriers, interests and what might help each pupil make the next steps in learning using lead practitioner research and actions to support.
- provide targeted support for under-performing pupils during lesson time, such as targeted
 questioning, live marking and seating, in addition to revision lessons and intervention outside school
 hours.
- use strategies best suited to addressing individual needs
- Ensure there are opportunities for students to make use of resources and gain homework support outside of lesson time through the use of Teams
- Provide students with revision materials to reduce financial burden on families

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How do we make sure that our curriculum is implemented effectively?

- The Computing lead teacher is responsible for designing the Computing curriculum and monitoring implementation.
- The subject leader's monitoring is validated by senior leaders.
- Staff have regular access to professional development/training to ensure that curriculum requirements are met and subject knowledge developed
- Effective assessment informs staff about areas in which interventions are required. These interventions are delivered during curriculum time to enhance pupils' capacity to access the full curriculum.
- Curriculum resources are selected carefully and reviewed regularly.
- Assessments are designed thoughtfully to assess student progress, long term knowledge retrieval and also to shape future learning.
- Assessments are checked for reliability within departments and across the Trust.

We have staff who mark for exam boards to ensure reliability of data. There is frequent contact with exam boards (OCR, Pearson & NCCE) to ensure that the relevant and up to date content, courses and topics are being taught across all key stages.

GAP analysis is used throughout the assessment process. This then helps us to identify the pupils who are most in need of intervention sessions.

How do we make sure our curriculum is having the desired impact?

- Examination results analysis and evaluation
- Termly assessments based upon prior learning for retrieval-analysis and evaluation meetings
- Lesson observations
- Learning walks for KS3 and KS4 based upon departmental priorities
- Work sample for each year group cross referenced against milestone assessment end points
- Regular feedback from teaching staff during department meetings
- Regular feedback from Middle Leaders during curriculum meetings
- Pupil Surveys
- Parental feedback